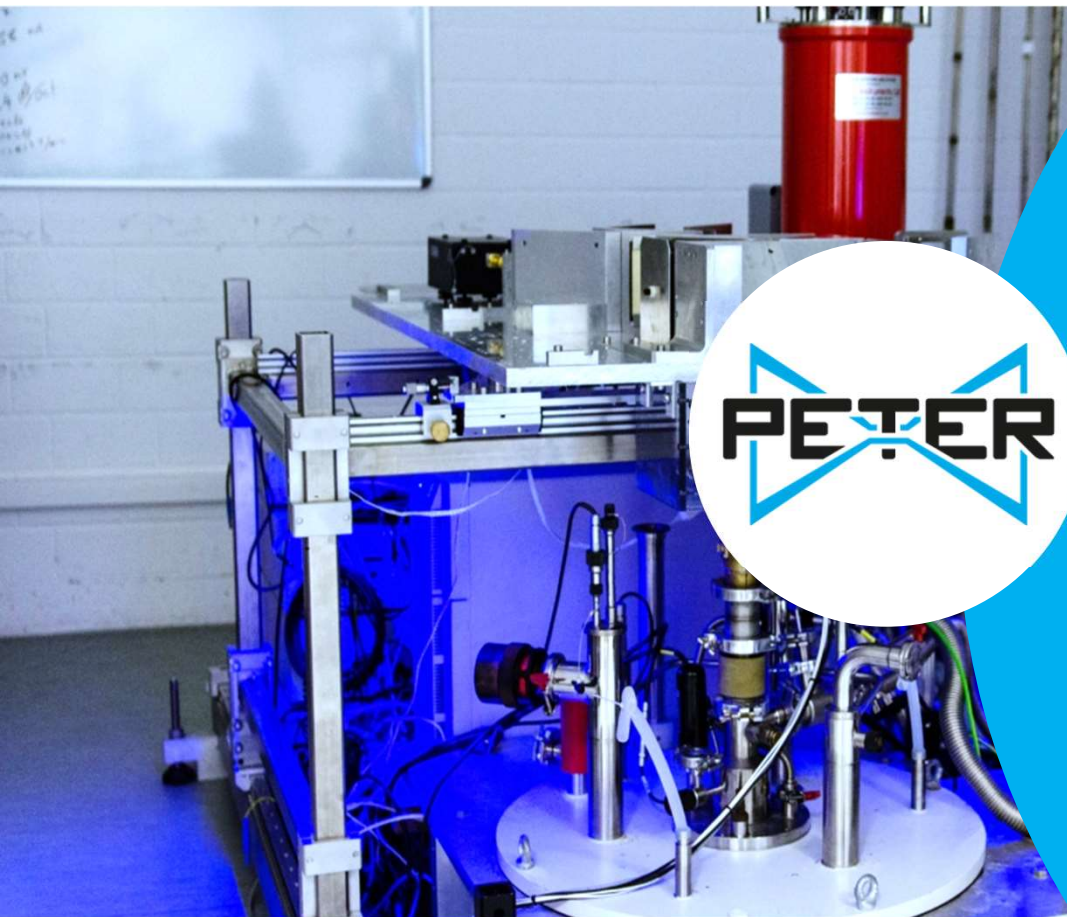


Universität Stuttgart

Institut für Physikalische Chemie



# High Frequency EPR: New Tools for Investigating Thin Layers of Molecular Magnets

Lorenzo Tesi

University of Stuttgart

Joris van Slageren Group

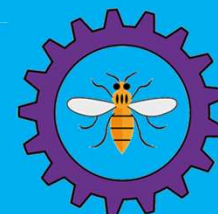
**RISING STARS SYMPOSIUM 2021**

**ICMM 2021 (Manchester)**

11<sup>th</sup> June 2021

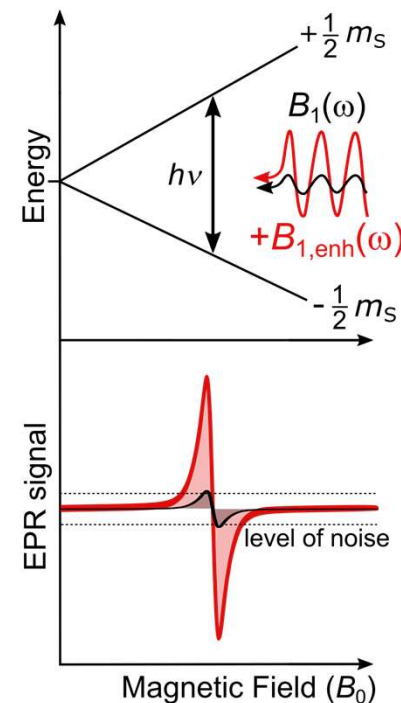
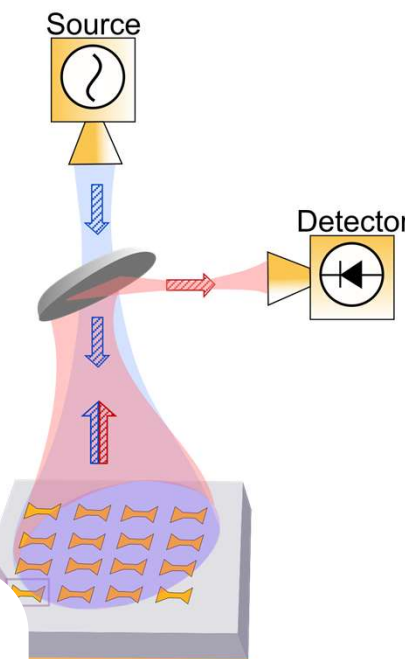
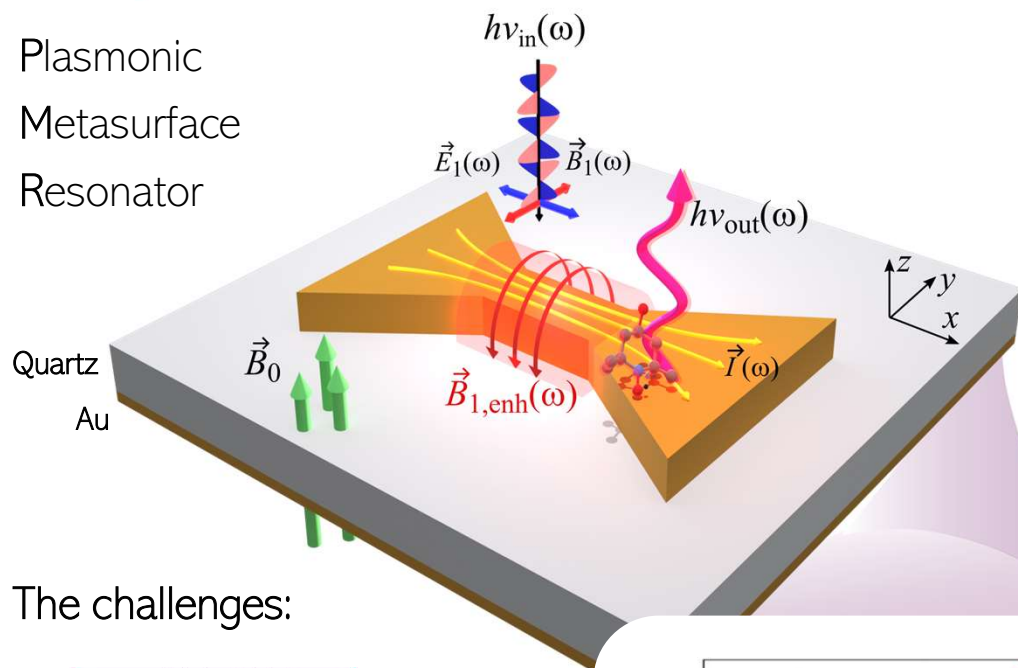


RISING STARS  
SYMPOSIUM 2021

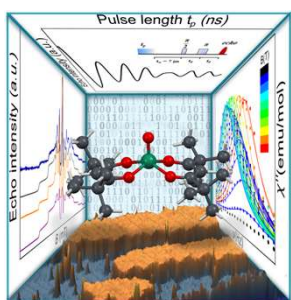


ICMM2021  
MANCHESTER

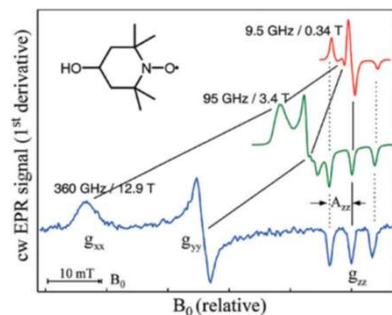
Plasmonic  
Metasurface  
Resonator



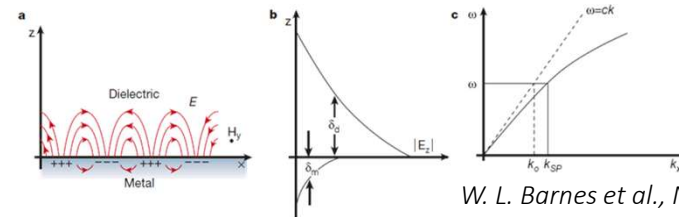
The challenges:



L. Tesi et al., Chem. Sci., 2016



K. Möbius et al., PCCP, 2004

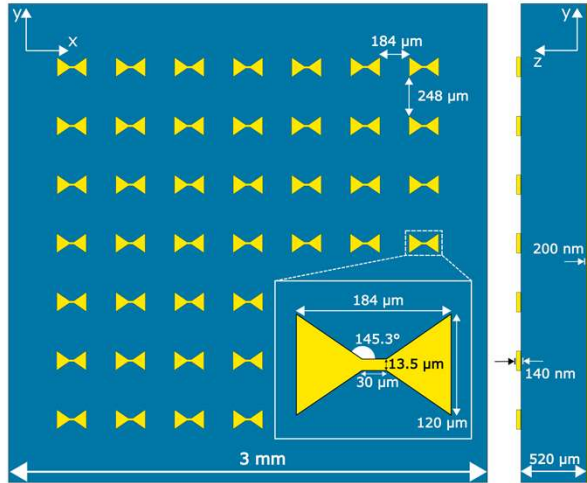


W. L. Barnes et al., Nature, 2003

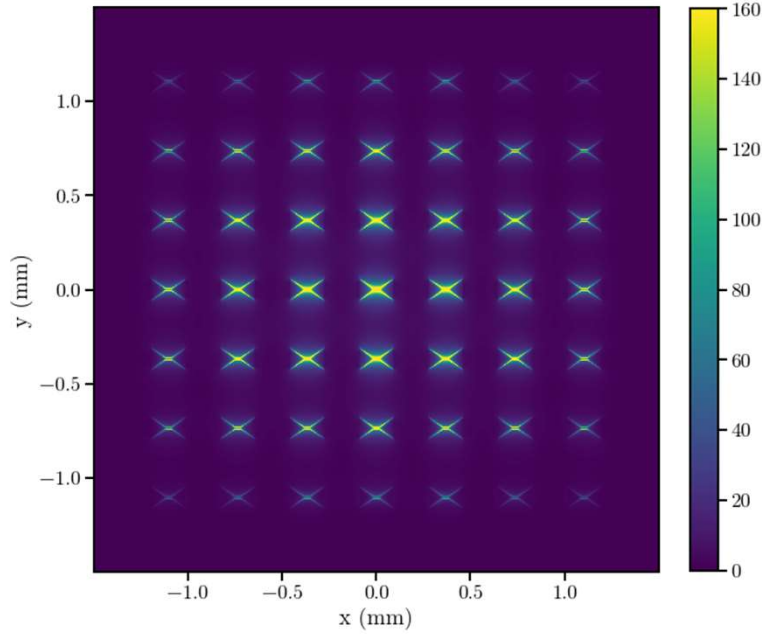
- (1) Measure Thin Layers;
- (2) Using High Frequencies (> 100 GHz);
- (3) Exploiting plasmonic effects in THz range

L. Tesi, D. Bloos, M. Hrton, A. Benes, M. Hentschel, M. Kern, A. Leavesley, R. Hillenbrand, V. Krapek, T. Sikola, J. van Slageren, Under Review

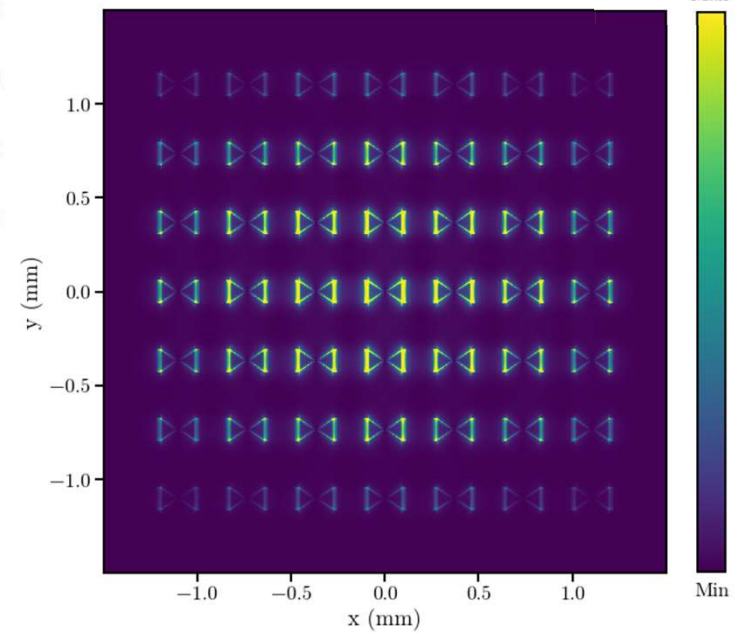
Final design of the PMR



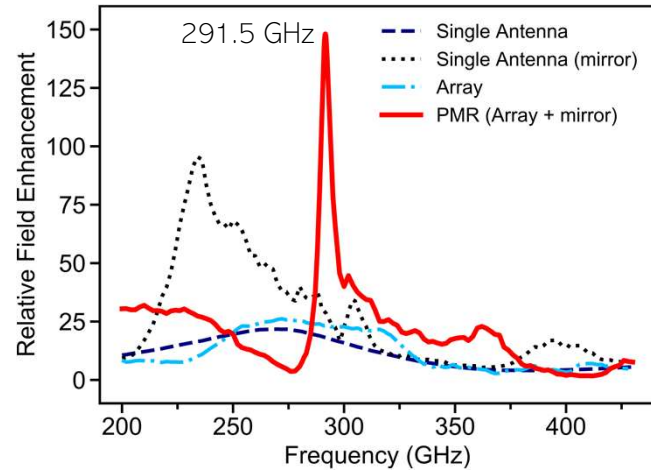
Magnetic Field



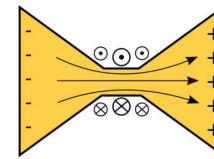
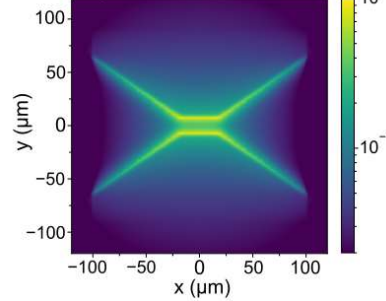
Electric Field



Simulations

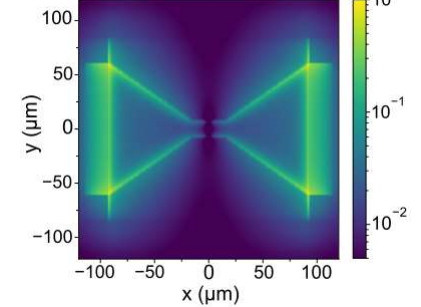


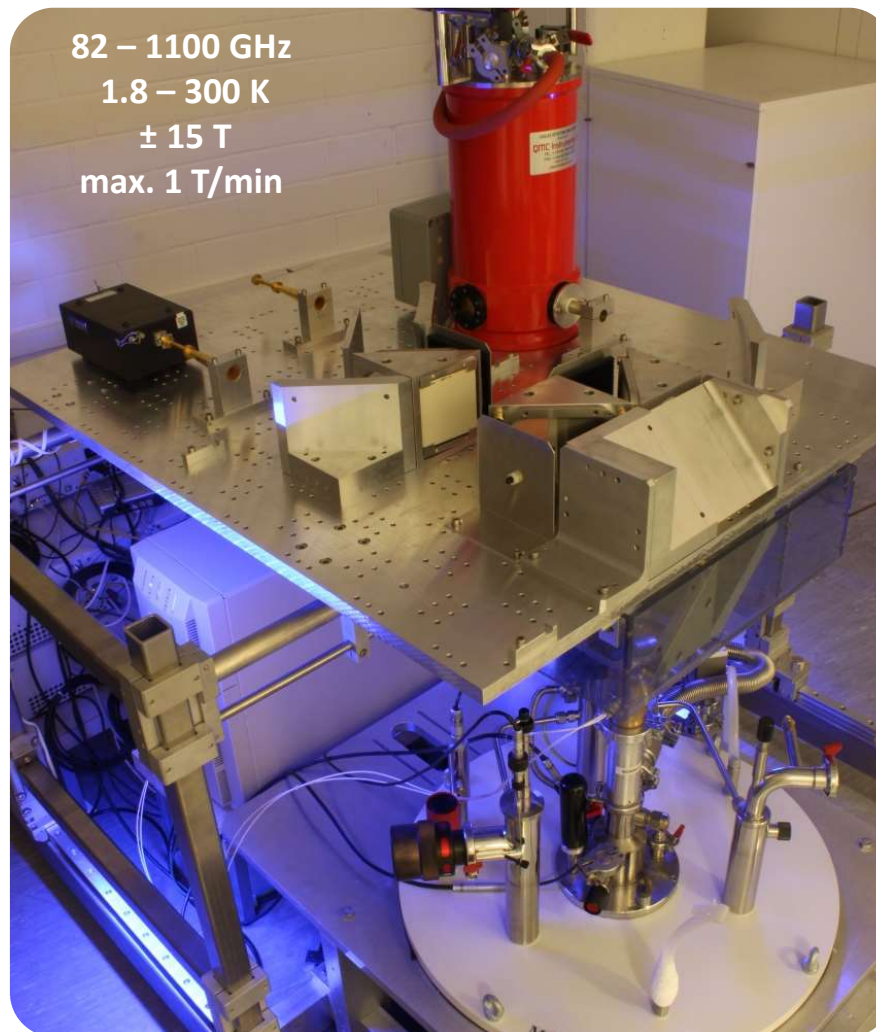
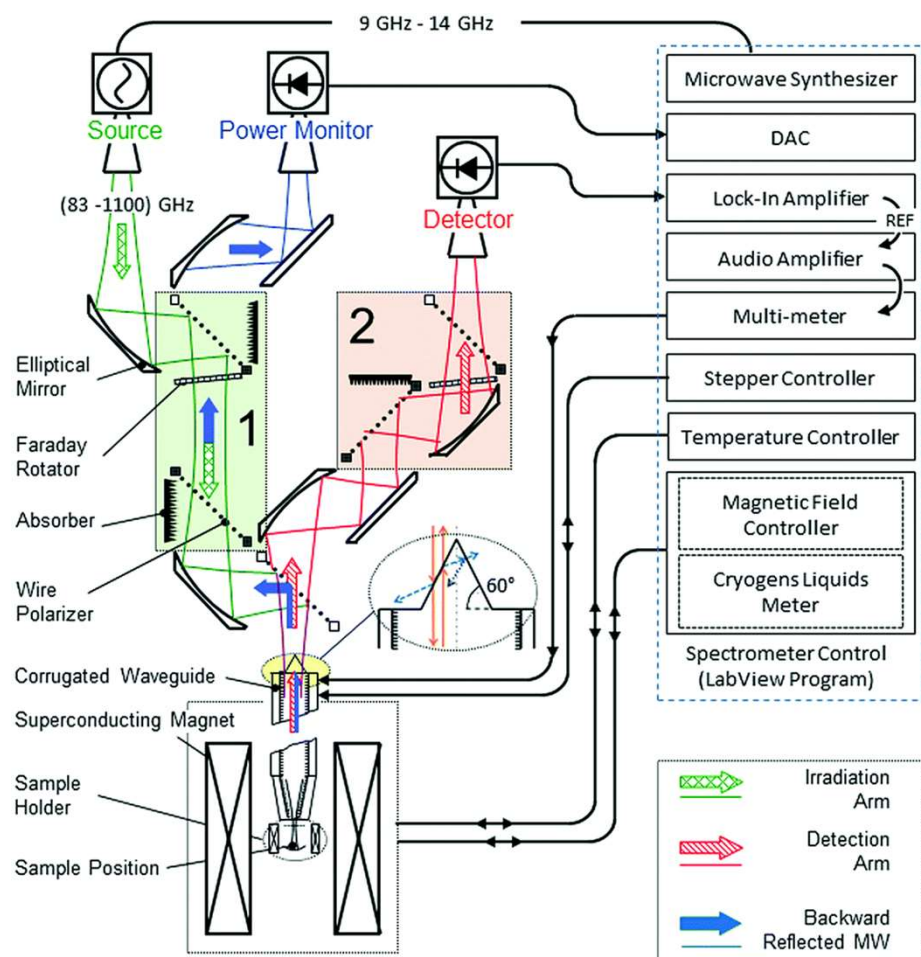
Magnetic Field



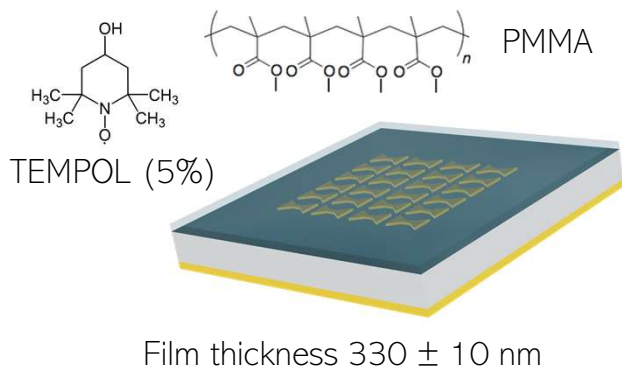
Longitudinal  
Dipole Mode

Electric Field





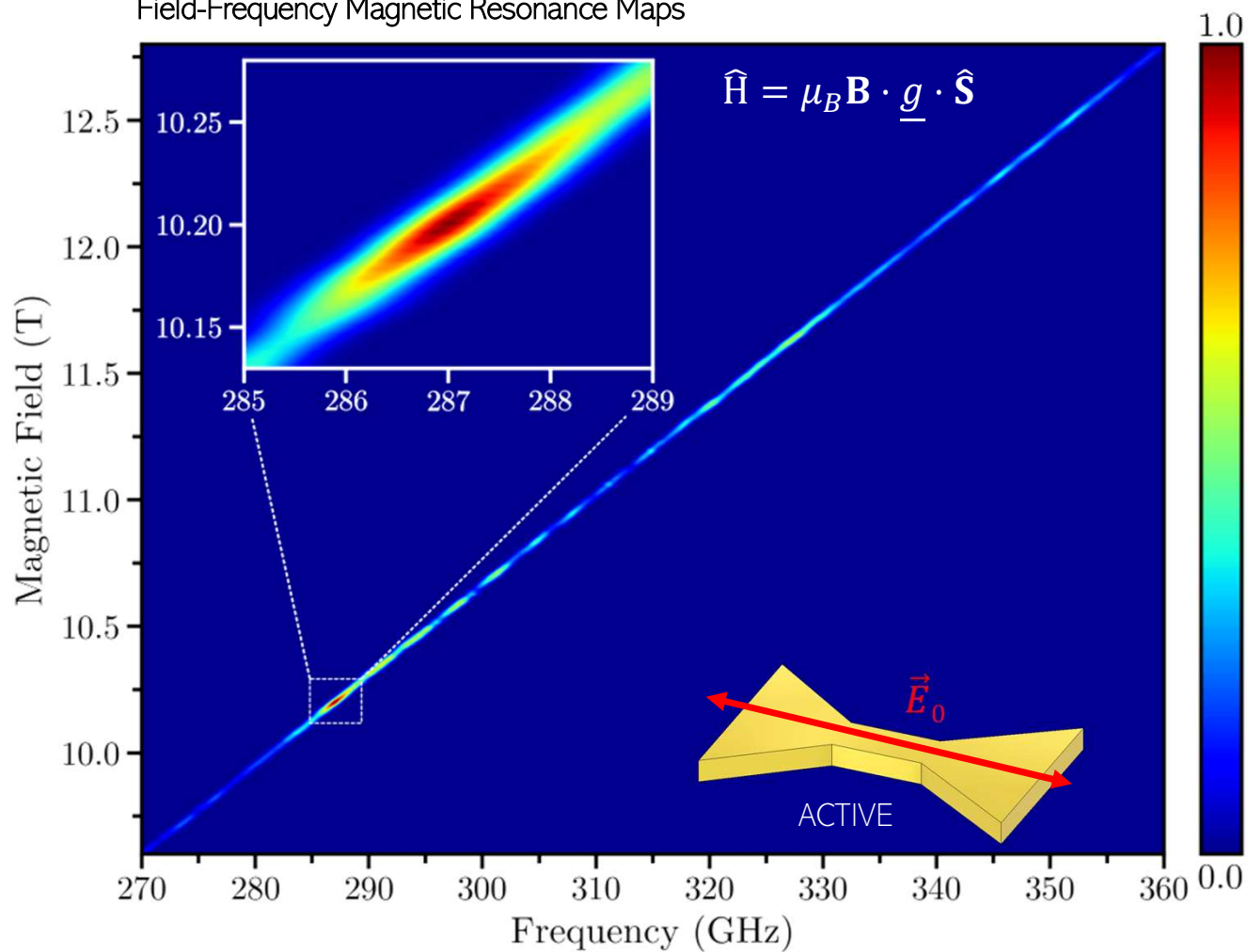
## EPR Sample

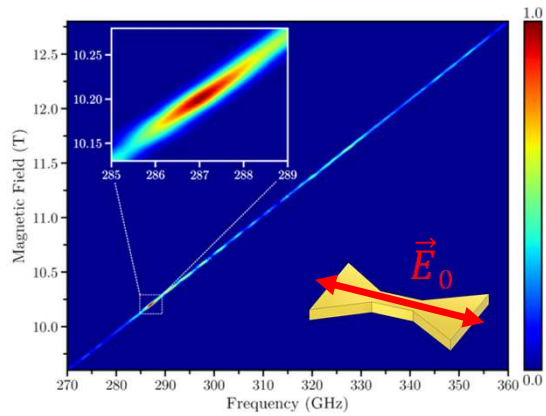


## Post-processing analysis

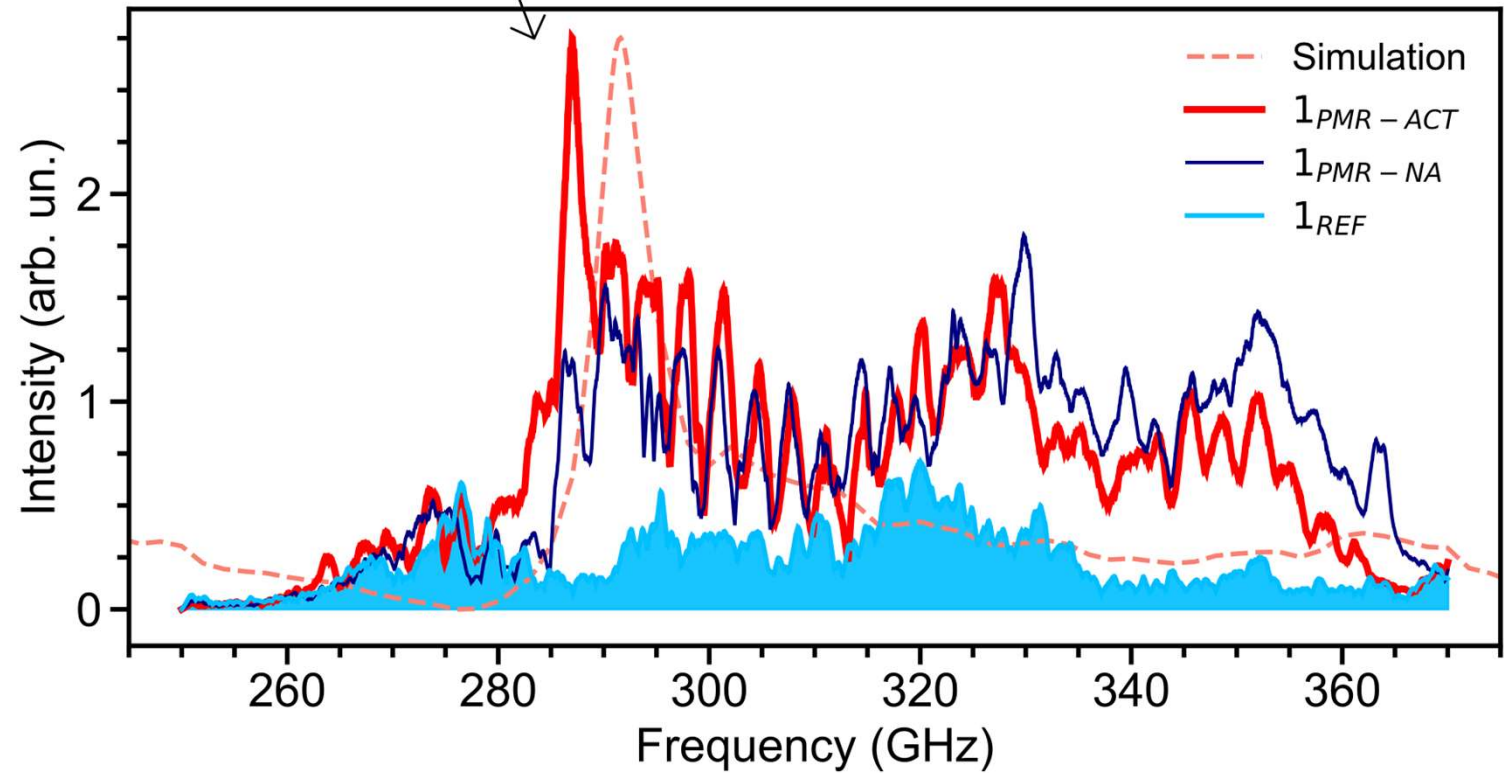
- Remove of the Standing wave
- Fit with derivative of Gaussian type linewidth
- Integration of the fit
- Plot  $\longrightarrow$

## Field-Frequency Magnetic Resonance Maps





The EPR signal enhancement  
extracted is a factor 30

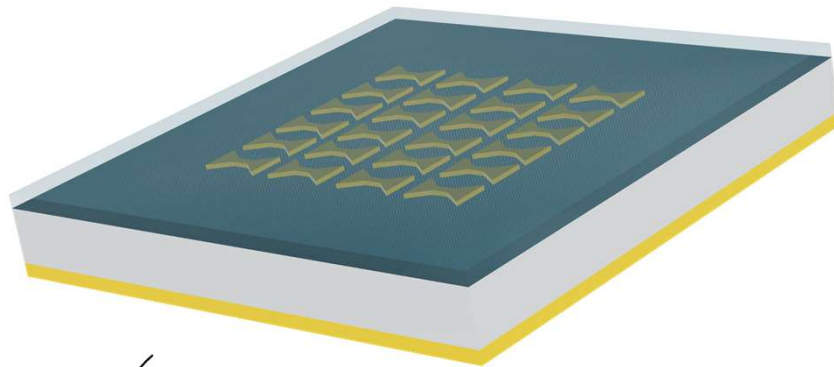


Same measurements for:

- PMR at  $0^\circ$  (active) + sample
- PMR at  $90^\circ$  (non-active) + sample
- Reference sample: bare quartz + sample

## In this work

The EPR signal enhancement  
extracted is a factor 30  
for a thin layer

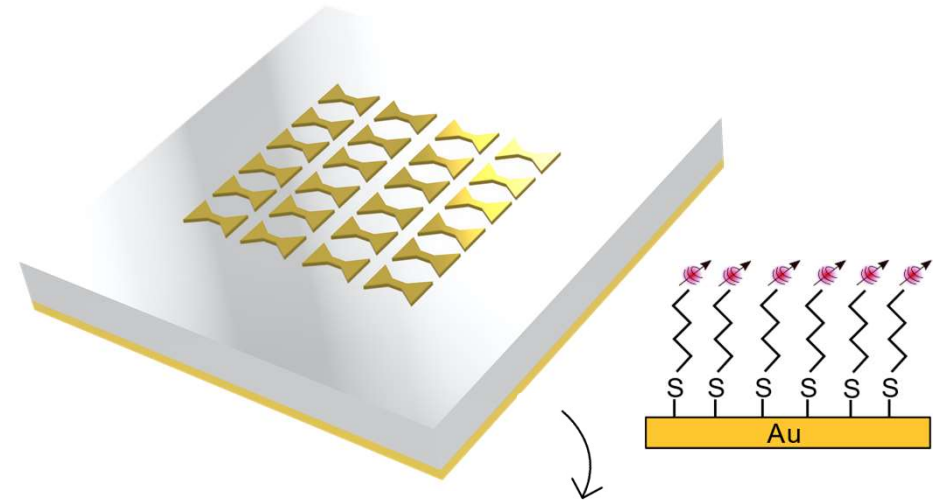


- Improve the signal for thin layer samples;
- Improve the signal for micro-crystal samples

## Work in progress

The EPR signal enhancement increases to 7500  
for monolayer samples

$10^{10}$  spins/G·Hz<sup>1/2</sup> at 10 K  $\longrightarrow$   $10^6$  spins/G·Hz<sup>1/2</sup> at 10 K

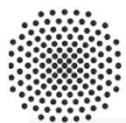


- Measurement of self-assembled monolayer;
- Integration of molecules on surface for spintronic applications

Acknowledgements (for questions → [lorenzo.tesi@ipc.uni-stuttgart.de](mailto:lorenzo.tesi@ipc.uni-stuttgart.de))



## All the people involved in this work...



University of Stuttgart



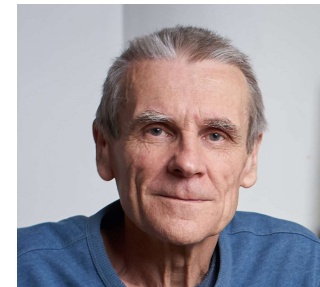
Prof. Joris van Slageren



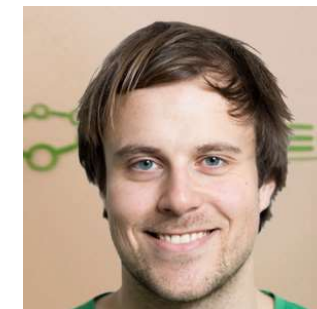
Dr. Dominik Bloos



Prof. Rainer Hillenbrand



Prof. Tomáš Šikola



Martin Hrtoň



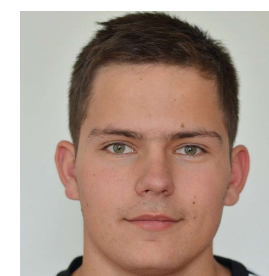
Michal Kern



Dr. Mario Hentschel



Dr. Alisa Leavesley



Adam Beneš



Dr. Vlastimil Křápek



# ...and you for the attention!

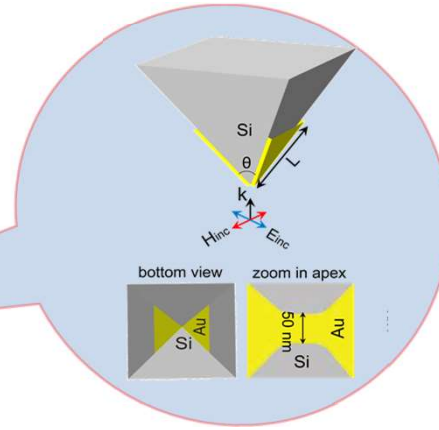
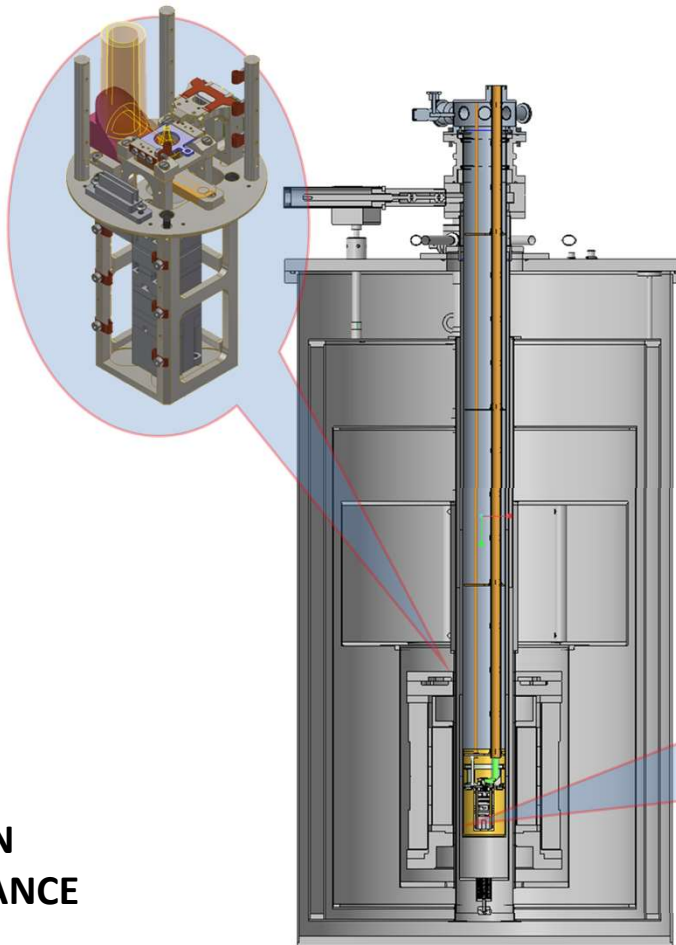


## General aim

- Combine advantages of High Frequency Electron Spin Resonance (HFESR) with Scanning Probe Microscopy.
- Achieve a working prototype.



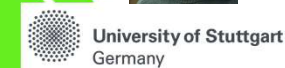
**PLASMON  
ENHANCED  
THz  
ELECTRON SPIN  
RESONANCE**



Coordinator  
Tomáš Šikola



Joris van Slageren



Richard Wylde



Rainer Hillenbrand

